To Report
all significant releases or threatened releases of hazardous materials,

First Call 9-1-1
(or the local emergency response agency)

Then Call
the Governor's Office of Emergency Services (OES) Warning Center

1-800-852-7550
(if in California) or call the public number at (916) 845-8911

It's the Law!
See pages 4 & 5 for more detailed reporting requirements.

January 2002
This guidance summarizes pertinent emergency notification requirements. **For precise legal requirements, review specific laws and regulations.**

This guidance applies to all significant releases of hazardous materials. Refer to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, better known as Proposition 65, and §9030 of the California Labor Code for additional reporting requirements.

---

**SPILL OR RELEASE NOTIFICATION**

**Q:** What are the emergency notification requirements in case of a spill or release of hazardous materials?

**A:** All significant releases or threatened releases of a hazardous material, including oil, require emergency notification to government agencies. The law specifies who must notify, what information is needed, which government agencies must be notified, when they must be notified, and the release quantity or basis for the report.

---

**WHO MUST NOTIFY**

**Q:** Who is obligated to notify?

**A:** Requirements for immediate notification of all significant spills or threatened releases cover: Owners, Operators, Persons in Charge, and Employers. Notification is required regarding
significant releases from: facilities, vehicles, vessels, pipelines and railroads.

1. **State law:** Handlers, any employees, authorized representatives, agents or designees of handlers shall, upon discovery, immediately report any release or threatened release of hazardous materials (Health and Safety Code §25507).

2. **Federal law:** Notification is required for all releases that equal or exceed federal reporting quantities:
   - (EPCRA) Owners and Operators to report; and
   - (CERCLA) Person in Charge to report

**WHAT INFORMATION**

**Q:** What information is required?

**A:** State notification requirements for a spill or threatened release include (as a minimum):
   - Identity of caller
   - Location, date and time of spill, release, or threatened release
   - Substance and quantity involved
   - Chemical name (if known, it should be reported if the chemical is extremely hazardous)
   - Description of what happened

Federal notification requires additional information for spills (CERCLA chemicals) that exceed federal reporting requirements, which includes:
   - Medium or media impacted by the release
   - Time and duration of the release
   - Proper precautions to take
   - Known or anticipated health risks
   - Name and phone number for more information
WHICH AGENCIES

Q: Who must be notified?
A: Notification must be given to the following agencies:

- The Local Emergency Response Agency
  9-1-1 or the Local Fire Department,
- The Certified Unified Program Agency (CUPA) /Administering Agency (AA), if different from local fire.

Phone: ____________________________________________________________

AND

- The Governor’s Office of Emergency Services Warning Center
  Phone: 1 - 800 - 852 - 7550 or (916) 845-8911, (800# for California callers only)

And, if appropriate:

- The California Highway Patrol
  Phone: 9-1-1
  (The California Highway Patrol must be notified for spills occurring on highways in the State of California.)
In addition, as necessary, one or more of the following:

A. National Response Center
   If the spill equals or exceeds CERCLA Federal Reportable Quantities:
   Phone: 1-800-424-8802

B. United States Coast Guard
   Waterway Spill / Release
   Marine Safety Offices:
   MSO S. F. (Alameda) - (510) - 437 - 3073
   MSO LA/Long Beach - (310) - 732-7380
   MSO San Diego - (619) - 683 - 6470

C. California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Cal/OSHA)
   For Serious Injuries or Harmful Exposures to Workers:
   Phone nearest Cal/OSHA District Office

D. Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)
   Hazardous waste tank system releases:
   Secondary containment releases:
   Phone appropriate DTSC Regional Office

E. Department of Conservation, Division of Oil Gas and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR)
   Release of Oil and Gas at a Drilling and Production Facility:
   Phone the appropriate DOGGR District Office

F. Public Utilities
   Natural Gas Pipeline Releases:
   Phone Commission (PUC)
Notification must also be made to the Governor's Office of Emergency Services Warning Center for the following:

- Discharges or threatened discharges of oil in marine waters
- Any spill or other release of one barrel or more of petroleum products at a tank facility
- Discharges of any hazardous substances or sewage, into or on any waters of the state
- Discharges that may threaten or impact water quality
- Discharges of oil or petroleum products, into or on any waters of the state
- Hazardous Liquid Pipeline releases and every rupture, explosion or fire involving a pipeline.

**WHEN TO NOTIFY**

**Q:** When must emergency notification be made?

**A:** All significant spills or threatened releases of hazardous materials, including oil, must be **immediately** reported. Notification should be made by telephone.

Also, written Follow-Up Reports (Section 304) may be required.
**WRITTEN REPORTS**

Q: When are written reports required?

A: Different laws have different time requirements and criteria for submitting written reports. After a spill or release of hazardous materials, including oil, immediate verbal emergency notification should be followed up as soon as possible with a Written Follow-Up Report (Section 304) to the following agencies:

1) Governor’s Office of Emergency Services, Section 304 Follow-up Report

2) The responsible regulating agency such as:
   - Department of Toxic Substances Control, Facility Incident or Tank System Release Report
   - Cal/OSHA, serious injury or harmful exposure to workers

3) U.S. DOT, transportation-related incidents.
PENALTIES

Federal and state laws provide for penalties of up to $25,000 per day for each violation of emergency notification requirements. Criminal penalties may also apply.

STATUTES

Q: What statutory provisions require emergency notification?
A: Many statutes require emergency notification of a hazardous chemical release, including:
• Health and Safety Code §25270.7, 25270.8, 25507
• Vehicle Code §23112.5
• Public Utilities Code §7673
  (PUC General Orders #22-B, 161)
• Government Code §51018, 8670.25.5 (a)
• Water Code §13271, 13272
• California Labor Code §6409.1 (b)
• Title 42, U. S. Code §9603, 11004

Q: What are the statutory provisions for Written Follow-Up Reports (Section 304)?
A: Written reports are required by several statutes, including:
• Health and Safety Code §25503 (c) (9)
• California Labor Code §6409.1 (a)
• Water Code §13260, 13267
• Title 42, U. S. Code §11004
• Government Code § 51018
In addition to statutes, several agencies have notification or reporting regulations:

- Title 8, CCR, §342
- Title 13, CCR, §1166
- Title 14, CCR, §1722 (h)
- Title 19, CCR, §2703, 2705
- Title 22, CCR, §66265.56 (j), 66265.196 (e)
- Title 23, CCR, §2230, 2250, 2251, 2260
- 49 CFR, Parts 100 - 177, esp. §171.15, and Part 263, §263.30
- 49 CFR, 171.16

**WEB SITES**

State Regulations
http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/calaw.html
http://www.oes.ca.gov

Federal Regulations
http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/index.html/

See California Labor Code §9030 and the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) for other reporting requirements.
Q: What is a “Hazardous Material”?
A: “Any material that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, poses a significant present or threatened hazard to human health and safety or to the environment, if released into the workplace or the environment” (Health and Safety Code, §25501 (o)).

Q: What is a release?
A: “Any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment, unless permitted or authorized by a regulatory agency” (Health and Safety Code, §25501 (s)).

Q: What hazardous material releases require notification?
A: All significant spills, releases, or threatened releases of hazardous materials must be immediately reported.

In addition, all releases that result in injuries, or workers harmfully exposed, must be immediately reported to Cal/OSHA (CA Labor Code §6409.1 (b)). Notification covers significant releases or threatened releases relating to all of the following:

1) “Hazardous Materials” as defined by §25501, California Health and Safety Code
2) “Hazardous Substances” as listed in 40 CFR §302.4; the Clean Water Act §307, §311; CERCLA §102; RCRA §3001; Clean Air Act §112; Toxic Substances Control Act §7
3) “Extremely Hazardous Substances” as required by: Chapter 6.95 Health and Safety Code, EPCRA §302
4) Illegal releases of hazardous waste
5) Employee exposures resulting in injuries: California Labor Code §6409.1 (b)
6) “Sewage” as required by Title 23 §2250 (Reportable quantity is 1,000 gallons or more for municipal and private utility waste water treatment plants).

ACRONYMS

AA- Administering Agency
Cal/OSHA - California Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CCR - California Code of Regulations
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (aka Superfund)
CFR - Code of Federal Regulations
CHP - California Highway Patrol
CUPA - Certified Unified Program Agency
DOGGR - California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources
DTSC - Department of Toxic Substances Control
EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (SARA Title III)
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System
MSO - Marine Safety Office, U.S. Coast Guard
OES - Governor’s Office of Emergency Services
PUC - Public Utilities Commission
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
U.S.DOT - Federal Department of Transportation
This guidance was developed with input from the following agencies:

Governor’s Office of Emergency Services  
Office of the Attorney General  
Office of the State Fire Marshal  
California Highway Patrol  
California Environmental Protection Agency  
   Department of Toxic Substances Control  
   State Water Resources Control Board  
   Air Resources Board  
   Department of Pesticide Regulation  
   California Integrated Waste Management Board  
Department of Fish and Game  
Department of Forestry and Fire Protection  
Department of Food and Agriculture  
Department of Industrial Relations  
   Cal-OSHA  
Department of Transportation - CalTrans  
Sacramento County Environmental Management  
   Hazardous Materials Division  
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency,  
   Region IX  
The Conservation Department Division of Oil, Gas,  
   and Geothermal Resources  
Department of Water Resources
- Emergency Notification Summary -

Telephone Calls Required For
All Significant Releases or Threatened Releases
of Hazardous Materials

At a MINIMUM, the spiller should call:

1. 9-1-1 or local Emergency Response Agency (e.g. fire department)
   AND
2. Local CUPA/AA
   AND
3. The Governor’s Office of Emergency Services
   Warning Center
   1-800-852-7550 or 916-845-8911
In addition to 911 and OES above, the following apply under varying circumstances:

- All releases that equal or exceed Federal Reportable Quantities (CERCLA) - 
  Call the National Response Center (NRC) 1-800-424-8802
- All releases on-highway - Call California Highway Patrol
- All hazardous waste tank releases - Call Department of Toxic Substances Control Regional Office
- All serious worker injuries or harmful exposures - Call Cal/OSHA District Office
- All oil spills at drilling and production fixed facilities - Call Conservation Department, Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources
- All spills with a potential to impact water quality - Call OES
- All significant potential or actual railroad releases (California definition of hazardous materials) 
  Railroad should call - Local Emergency Response Agency and PUC
- All Hazardous Liquid Pipelines - Call local fire department 
  (Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety is State Fire Marshal jurisdiction)
- All Natural Gas Pipelines - Call PUC